Membrane 31—cont.

1441.

June 18.
Westminster.

Writ of aid for William Tempest, deputed by Ralph Bottler, the chief butler, to discharge the office of chief butler in the port of Newcastle upon Tyne.

By bill of the butler.

June 23.
Westminster.

Presentation of Robert Killon, chaplain, to the chantry at the altar of St. Thomas the Martyr in the church of All Saints, Newcastle upon Tyne, in the diocese of Durham, void by the resignation of John Tennyson.

June 27.
Westminster.

Presentation of John Turpyn, chaplain, to the church of St. George, in the diocese of Exeter, void by the resignation of Thomas Greyson.

June 28.
Westminster.

Pardon to William Mustard of Langeston of all suerties of the peace and all penalties forfeit by him for breach of the peace, and actions, executions and demands had against him or his mainpernors by the king; and grant that they, their heirs, executors and terre-tenants, and farmers occupiers, sheriffs, escheators and other ministers of the king bound to answer the king before the treasurer and barons of the Exchequer touching peace, farms, sums; and penalties forfeit by such breach of the peace, may be quit thereof for ever; and that the said William and his mainpernors may enter his lands, taken into the king's hands on such occasion, without plea and suit and hold the same without impeachment, and that the chancellor of England may direct to the said treasurer and barons all necessary writs to that end.

By p.s. and dated etc.

MEMBRANE 30.

June 2.
Westminster.

Presentation of John Fourmonds, parson of the church of Burysgylford, in the diocese of London, to the church of Leybourne, in the diocese of Rochester, on an exchange of benefices with John Lee.

MEMBRANES 30 (cont.) and 29.

1440.

Sept. 27.
Windsor Castle.

William, the abbot, and the convent of the house and church of Waltham Holy Cross have shown the king that divers liberties have been granted to former abbots and their successors, and have recited a charter of Henry II [Monasticon, A. 41], a charter dated 21 March, 11 Henry III [Calendar, Charter Rolls, Vol. 1, p. 28], a charter dated 14 March, 1 Richard I [ibid. p. 427], a charter dated 30 March, 37 Henry III [ibid. p. 127], and letters patent dated 20 February, 3 Richard II [Calendar, 1377-1381, p. 438], whereby they were granted divers privileges:—and the king has confirmed to them the same for ever, and further grants that the abbey and convent may have the return of all writs, precepts, commands and bills of the king and the execution thereof and all goods of their men and tenants resident and non-resident and of all other residents within or on their lands or fees, outlawed for treason, felony, contempt, trespass, debt, account or any other cause, and of all felons of themselves and other felons, fugitives and condemned persons, and if any such for any crime ought to lose life or limb or fly or refuse to stand on his trial or be outlawed, or commit any crime for which his goods should be forfeit, those goods shall belong to the abbot and convent; grant also that they may have all fines for trespasses, oppressions, extortions, deceptions, conspiracies, concealments,