Inspeximus and confirmation to the prior and convent of the Friars preachers of Wychnelshe of the following:—

1. Letters patent dated 19 March 11 Edward III, being a grant to the Friars of the order of an unoccupied plot of ground in Wychnelshe on the south side of the town, called the king's plot, containing 12 acres, with a certain slope (decensu montis) adjoining the said plot, as a site for a church and dwellings for the said Friars.

2. Letters patent, dated 6 November 46 Edward III, remitting to the prior and convent of the order of Friars preachers at the town of Wychnelshe, lately founded by the said king, the rent which they are bound to pay for the site of their house.

For half a mark paid in the hanaper.

MEMBRANE 18.

Inspeximus and confirmation to the burgesses of Saltash of letters patent, dated 24 April 3 Henry V, inspecting and confirming letters patent, dated 19 October 4 Henry IV, inspecting and confirming letters patent, dated 27 November 5 Richard II, inspecting and confirming a charter of Reginald de Valie Torta, being a grant to the free burgesses of the town that the rent of a burgage shall be 6d. and of a half burgage 3d. yearly; that no burgess shall be impleaded or judged save in the hundred court of the town before his peers, with the aid of the grantor, if necessary. They are not to do suit of hundred more than three times a year, i.e. on Monday after St. Hilary, Monday after the close of Easter and Monday after St. Faith, except on the king's command or to afforce a judgment, or if impleaded, in which case the burgess shall be summoned on Saturday to attend the Monday following. If any summons come from the king or his bailiffs, it shall be made by summons of the donor's castle to the reeve of the town, and then by the reeve to the burgesses. They shall also elect their reeve, and he shall have all the toll of bread in the same town and the rent of the house which he inhabits, quit for his service; and nothing is to be taken for the grantor's use in the town without the consent of the merchants. No burgess is to be fined more than 6d. by the grantor. On the death of a burgess by any death whatsoever, his heirs shall have his chattels and, for a relief of 30d. at most, his land. The like in the case of burgesses with half a burgage. They are to be quit of all tallage and customary aid except to make the grantor's eldest son a knight and to marry his eldest daughter. They are to have his pasture quit from Michaelmas to the Purification and afterwards, on payment of 1d. for each horse or beast and for every 10 sheep, saving corn, meadows, and the grantor's reasonable reservations. No burgess shall be taken and haled to the castle, if he can find sufficient pledges of his peers for the trespass by him done. No vessel, contrary to the privilege of the town, shall pass the rock of Ash and the rock of 'La Hen' in Tamar to buy or sell merchandise; the fair of the town shall be in the midst thereof, according to custom, and no burgess travelling by sea or land shall be impeded in any reasonable business with his neighbours, if he has a chattel in the same town whereby on his arrival he can be held to justice.