1401.

March 18.
Westminster.

Presentation of Robert Tunstall, king’s clerk, to the prebend which Richard Felde, deceased, had in the collegiate church of Tamworth, in the diocese of Coventry and Lichfield.

By p.s.

April 11.
Westminster.

Grant for life to Matilda Cifrewast late the wife of John Wolceley, out of reverence for this day Good Friday, of 17, yearly at the hands of the king’s almoner; as the king granted the same to her on Good Friday last and the almoner has only paid her 20s. and she has no letters patent. By K.

April 1.
Leeds Castle.

Revocation of the protection with clause columns, for one year, lately granted by letters patent to John Steward alias Styward of London, ‘corsour,’ staying on the king’s service in the company of the king’s kinsman Henry de Percy, son of Henry de Percy, earl of Northumberland, keeper of the town and castle of Berwick on Tweed, on the safe custody of the same, because he delays in the city of London, as the sheriffs have certified.

April 10.
Westminster.

Grant to the king’s clerk William Reypygdon of the prebend or portion in the church of Boreford which Richard Felde had while he lived. By p.s.

Mandate in pursuance to J. bishop of Hereford.

April 10.
Leeds Castle.

Grant for life to Richard Cote, merchant and mariner of the Cinque Ports, of the custody of the island of Downbar in Ireland, rendering yearly at the exchequer of Ireland as much as used to be paid for it. By p.s.

April 5.
Leeds Castle.

Grant, during pleasure, to the king’s servant John Cawode of the office of justice of labourers in Ireland and in the lordship of Meth in Ireland with all profits and commodities pertaining to the office, saving to the king fines and amercements and other things belonging to him, so that he have a suitable assessor or deputy learned in the law who shall be sworn before the chancellor of Ireland. By K.

MEMORANDUM 30.

Ordinances made on account of the late insurrection in North Wales:

All lords having castles in North and South Wales shall keep them safely under pain of forfeiture.

Certain offices in North Wales shall be held by Englishmen only.

As for the constabuships of the castles belonging to the prince of Wales in North and South Wales granted by the king to certain persons for life, if the castles are not sufficiently guarded the prince shall have the power of discharging the constables and appointing others.

Whereas in old time the commonalty of North Wales had the keeping of the peace and the right of answering for trespasses and the bodies of trespassers, the justices of those parts shall be charged with governing the commonalty in this according to ancient rights and customs.

No lord having a lordship in Wales shall receive any felon or evildoer by disclaim, avowry or otherwise, but he shall be brought to justice in the lordship where the felony was done, provided that each lord can have the fines and ransoms of his tenants.

The Welsh shall pay murage for the maintenance of the walls and gates of the towns and castles in North Wales and a contribution towards the garrisoning of the castles, for three years or more at the will of the king.