de Rauleie, for Sir Geoffrey de Lezinan of the one part, and
Sir Walter de Colevill lord of Bitham, of the other part, that the said
Walter granted to the said Geoffrey 40 bovates of land in the town of
Hauburg, with homages, villeinages, rents, reliefs, wards, fisheries,
meadows, feedings and pastures, marshes, waters, mills and all other
appurtenances without reserve, for 300 marks which the said Walter
his heirs, assigns or executors, are bound to pay to the said Geoffrey,
his heirs and assigns, bearing these letters, for the ransom of his manor
of Auburg, which the king gave to Geoffrey by occasion of the late
disturbance, to wit, at the quinzaine of Michaelmas, 1268, to wit on the
quinzaine of Michaelmas 1268, 100 marks, on the quinzaine of
Michaelmas 1269, 100 marks, and on the quinzaine of Midsummer
1270, 100 marks respectively, at the New Temple, London; and as
much as said Geoffrey shall have received from the 40 bovates of land
in the meantime is to be allowed to Walter, his heirs, assigns or
executors in the payment of the 300 marks. If however the said Walter
his heirs or assigns make default in the payment of the said sum in the
whole or in part, the said 40 bovates shall remain to the said Geoffrey
in fee and inheritance, as quit and paid for, as is contained in a charter
of feoffment which the said Geoffrey has of the said Walter. The
said Walter has also granted that although in the payment of the said
sum he may have satisfied the said Geoffrey for the first term, and
default in the second or third, then both the first and second shall be
held to be of no effect, and all things which the said Geoffrey . . .
(sentence incomplete), but if the said Walter make full payment
at the appointed terms, the said 40 bovates shall revert to him, and the
said charter of feoffment, which by consent of both parties is deposited
in an indifferent hand at the New Temple, London, shall be delivered
to him; and if the said Walter fail in any of the said payments in
whole or in part, the said charter shall be delivered to the said
Geoffrey, without contradiction. Witnesses, Master Godfrey Giffard,
then chancellor, Master John de Chishull, then archdeacon of
London, Sir Robert son of Walter, Sir — de Davyntre,
Sir William Charles, Sir Adam de Cestreton, Sir John de Kirkeby,
clerks, and others.

[April 28. Windsor.] Because the abbot of St. Mary's, York, cannot attend to the pleas
of lands given beyond the Trent by occasion of the disturbance had
in the realm with Eustace de [Balliolo] and Adam de Gesemuth, the
king's justices appointed for such pleas, the king has removed him
from that office and associated John de Raygate in his place.

May 6. Windsor. Commission to John de Raygate, escheator beyond Trent, with the
assent of Amice, countess of Devon, and Amice [rectius Isabel], countess
of Albemarle, her daughter, and in conjunction with one serjeant
appointed on behalf of each of the parties, to make partition of the
manors and lands in Holdernes, the wardship whereof the said
countesses have by reason of the wardship of the lands and heirs of
William de Fortibus sometime earl of Albemarle, according to the
inquisition and partition made thereof by John le Breton, who was
appointed for that purpose by the king, and of the corn and store in
those manors and lands. He is to go to the said manors and make
the said partition in form aforesaid, and enquire how many and what
fees and advowsons of churches belong to the said manors, so that the