IS - Chronicler appears to correct, to qualify, or to amplify the statements, which, in substance, he adopts. There is to be found, in the "Book of Hyde," much information relating to the reigns of Alfred which is not known to exist elsewhere. The volume contains some curious specimens of Anglo-Saxon and modern English.

46. CHRONICON SCOTORUM: A CHRONICLE OF IRISH AFFAIRS, from the earliest times to 1135; and Supplement, containing the Events from 1141 to 1150. Edited, with Translation, by William Maunsell Hennessy, M.R.I.A. 1866.

47. THE CHRONICLE OF PIERRE DE LANGTOFT, IN FRENCH VERSE, FROM THE EARLIEST PERIOD TO THE DEATH OF EDWARD I. Vols. I. and II. Edited by Thomas Wright, M.A. 1866-1868.

It is probable that Pierre de Langtoft was a canon of Bridlington, in Yorkshire, and lived in the reign of Edward I. and during a portion of the reign of Edward II. This chronicle is divided into three parts; in the first, is an abridgment of Geoffrey of Monmouth's "Historia Brittonum;" in the second, a history of the Anglo-Saxon and Norman kings, to the death of Henry III.; in the third, a history of the reign of Edward I. The language is a curious specimen of the French of Yorkshire.


The work in its present form, in the editor's opinion, is a comparatively modern version of an ancient original. The story is told after the manner of the Scandinavian Sagas.


The earlier portion, extending from 732 to 1148, appears to be a copy of a compilation made in Northumbria about 1101, to which Hoveden added little. From 1148 to 1160—a very valuable portion of this work—the matter is derived from another source, to which Hoveden appears to have supplied little. From 1170 to 1192 is the portion which corresponds to some extent with the Chronicle known under the name of Benedict of Peterborough (see No. 49). From 1192 to 1201 may be said to be wholly Hoveden's work.

52. WILLIAM MALMESBIRIENSIS MONACHI DE GESTIS PONTIFICUM ANGLORUM']->


This book contains the ancient ordinances and laws relating to the navy.