1376.


By p.s.

Westminster. July 5. Grant to John de Kyngeston that, whereas the king by letters patent lately granted to him for life a messuage in the parish of St. Nicholas Coldabbeye in the ward of La Quenhithe, London, held of the king in burgage, he shall have the same in fee.

By p.s.

Westminster. June 28. Licence for Nicholas de Carreu to found a perpetual chantry of two chaplains to celebrate divine service in the church of Stoke within the hundred of Hoo, co. Kent, for the souls of Thomas Malemayns, knight, and his ancestors and others, according to the ordinance of the said Nicholas, and to assign to the chaplains in mortmain a messuage and an acre of land in Stoke, not held in chief, for their habitation, and 24 marks of rent out of the manor of Stoke in Hoo called 'Malmayns manoir' for their sustenance, to be taken by equal portions on the last day of each month, with power of distraint and any further security for recovery of the same which Nicholas may make.

By K. on the information of Roger Beauchamp, the king's chamberlain.

Westminster. July 6. Licence for the alienation in mortmain by Walter Sergeant and Richard de Preston and Agnes, his wife, of 8 marks of rent out of lands in Oxford, said to be held of the king in burgage, to a chaplain to celebrate divine service daily for the soul of John de Stodeleye and the faithful departed according to their ordinance.

By p.s. and for 10l. paid in the hanaper.

MEMBRANE 10.

Westminster. July 8. Inspeximus and confirmation of some ordinances made by William, bishop of London, Thomas, bishop of Ely, Adam, bishop of St. Davids, Ralph, bishop of Salisbury, and William, bishop of Chichester, by authority of the king and the instant Parliament, over controversies and strifes arisen between the chancellor of the university of Oxford, and the masters in theology and arts, regent and non-regent, and their faculties, of the one part, and the masters or doctors of law, canon and civil, and their faculties and students, of the other part, under the seals of the first four bishops and the seal of a notary public, as follows:

Commission to the said five bishops, dated 20 June, 50 Edward III, to hear and determine the controversies; granted with the assent of the said bishops then in Parliament.

By authority of which letters or mandate or writ they,—proceeding lawfully in the said dissensions, which had arisen by occasion of ordinances made by the said masters of theology and arts, regents of the university, and of statutes made by masters, regent and non-regent, of the same faculties, against bachelors of law, canon and civil, and the faculties of the same, published since Michaelmas last, (all the doctors of each said law protesting), touching responsons of the said bachelors to questions to be disputed by the doctors of decrees and laws, after they had summoned before them Masters John