1316.

Membrane 35—cont.

his father, which arrest the king revoked at the suit of Joan Loueraz, late the wife of the said John.

July 13. Grant, during the minority of the heir, who is of the age of nine years, to Robert de Sapy, of the custody of two parts of the manor of Amyngton, co. Oxford, late of Andrew de Saukeville, deceased, tenant in chief, which by reason of the minority of the heir are in the king’s hands, and are extended at 11 marks 6s. 8d. a year, in satisfaction of 89l. in which the king is bound to him as well for his fees and robes in the seventh year of his reign as for the wages of himself and his squires in the war in Scotland, and for the re-stocking of his horses lost on the king’s service in that war, as appears in a bill under the seal of Ingelard de Warle, king’s clerk, late keeper of the Wardrobe. If the heir die during minority he is to have the like custody if the next heir be a minor, and so on till he shall be satisfied.

By K. on the information of the Treasurer.

July 12. Grant, in frank almonin, to the Carmelite friars of the dwelling-place of the king’s manor of Shene, with three islands and enclosures pertaining to the said dwelling-place, to hold to them and their successors celebrating divine service there for the souls of the king’s progenitors, his soul and the souls of all Christians.

By K.

Vacated because surrendered and cancelled.

July 14. On account of the disputes which long existed between the people of Great Yarmouth and the barons, bailiffs and good men of the Cinque Ports, the king caused six men from Great Yarmouth and six from the Ports to be called before him and the Council commanding them to set forth their grievances in writing, which being done, the king undertook to redress their complaints, and commanded the people of the town and the barons and others of the Ports, under pain of forfeiture, not to attempt anything, the one against the other, and he has now been informed that the people of Great Yarmouth have sent very many ships, fitted out with men, armour and other necessaries, to sea, and the barons and others of the Ports suspecting that the ships have been fitted out to destroy them and their ships, have also prepared a number of ships to meet them, which, if it proceed, will cause much loss. The king, to prevent such evils, has appointed John de Thorpe and Peter Rocelyn to issue a proclamation forbidding, under pain of forfeiture, any of the town from attempting anything against the men of the Ports by which the peace may be broken, and, that all of the town may be the more strictly hindered from preparing evil against those of the Ports, the commissioners are to take from those whose ships so fitted out have been sent to sea contrary to the proclamation, and also from the wives, children and nearer relatives of the masters and mariners of the ships sufficient security, viz. body for body, that no injuries shall be inflicted on the men of the Ports by the said masters and mariners, and by way of distraint to seize and carry away the goods of the masters of those ships and of the mariners in them, and afterwards to deliver the same upon appraisement and sufficient security to answer thereof to the king, and also to take from the better men of the town sureties that they, or some of them, will be before the king, at his command, to hear his pleasure and ordinance for the settling of such disputes and to receive the further order of the king and Council therein, if hereafter anything shall be attempted against the men of the Cinque Ports.

The king caused a like proclamation to be issued to the barons, bailiffs and good men of the Cinque Ports against attempting anything against the men of Great Yarmouth.

By K. & C.

July 21. John, canon of Pristollis in North Wales, bringing news of the cession of Gervase, sometime prior of that house, has letters of licence to elect.