

The author was born about the end of the fourteenth century, consecrated Bishop of St. Asaph in the year 1444, and translated to the see of Chichester in 1450. His work gives a full account of the views of the Lollards, and has great value for the philologist.

20. ANNALS CAMBRIE. Edited by the Rev. John Williams ab Ithel, M.A. 1860.

These annals, which are in Latin, commence in 447, and come down to 1338. The earlier portion appears to be taken from an Irish Chronicle used by Tigernach, and by the compiler of the Annals of Ulster.


These volumes contain the historical works of Gerald du Barry, who lived in the reigns of Henry II., Richard I., and John.

The Topographia Hibernica (in Vol. V.) is the result of Geraldus' two visits to Ireland, the first in 1183, the second in 1185-6, when he accompanied Prince John into that country. The Episcopatus Hibernorum was written about 1188. Vol. VI. contains the Itinerarium Kambricum et Descriptio Kambricum, and Vol. VII., the lives of S. Remigius and S. Hugh. Vol. VIII. contains the Tresatio De Principum Instructione, and an index to Vols. I.-IV. and VIII.


There are at present six independent manuscripts of the Saxon Chronicle, ending in different years, and written in different parts of the country. In this edition, the text of each manuscript is printed in columns on the same page, so that the student may see at a glance the various changes which occur in orthography.


The principal contents of the volumes are some diplomatic Papers of Richard III., correspondence between Henry VII. and Ferdinand and Isabella of Spain; documents relating to Edmund de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk; and a portion of the correspondence of James IV. of Scotland.

25. LETTERS OF BISHOP GROSSETESTE. Edited by the Rev. Henry Richards Luard, M.A., Fellow and Assistant Tutor of Trinity College, Cambridge. 1861.

The letters of Robert Grosseteste range in date from about 1210 to 1253. They refer especially to the diocese of Lincoln, of which Grosseteste was bishop.
